

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## **1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product identifier used on the label

## : Flottec 2600 Collector

Recommended use of the chem	nical	and restrictions on use
	:	Collectors for sulfide and industrial mineral applications
Chemical family	:	Sodium Diaryl Monothiophosphate
Name, address, and telephone nu	ımbe	er of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:
Flottec, LLC		
2505 Collingsworth Street, 2nd Flo	oor	
Houston, Texas 77026 U.S.A.		
www.flottec.com		
Information Telephone #	:	1.713.425.7055
24 Hr. Emergency Tel #	:	Chemtrec 1.800.424.9300 (Within Continental U.S.); Chemtrec 1.703.527.3887 (Outside U.S.)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Classification of the chemical

Skin corrosion/irritation (Category 2) Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Category 1)

#### Label elements

Signal Word Danger

Hazard statement(s) H318: Causes serious eye damage H315: Causes skin irritation

#### Precautionary statement(s)

P264: Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

P302+352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water.

P332+313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P362+ P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

## Hazard pictogram(s)



Other hazards None



## **3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### Mixture

Common name	CAS #	Concentration / wt %	
Sodium O,O-bis(methylphenyl) dithiophosphate	61792-48-1	50 - 60	
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	0.5	
Note: Sodium O,O-bis(methylphenyl) dithiophosphate is a compound of unknown oral, dermal and inhalation toxicity. However, according to its chemical family, except for his corrosive property, no adverse toxic effect is expected under normal conditions of use.			

The exact concentrations of the above listed chemicals are being withheld as a trade secret.

## 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

#### Description of first aid measures

Ingestion	: DO NOT induce vomiting, unless recommended by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or convulsing. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hips level to prevent aspiration into the lungs. Seek medical attention or contact a Poison Centre immediately. If victim is conscious wash out mouth with water and give 1-2 glasses of water to drink.
Inhalation	: Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.
Skin Contact	: Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Avoid touching eyes with contaminated body parts. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.
Eye Contact	: IMMEDIATELY flush with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses. Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to rinse properly. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention.
Symptoms Notes to the physician	<ul> <li>May cause severe eye irritation or eye damage. May cause skin irritation and burns.</li> <li>Treat according to person's condition and specifics of exposure. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.</li> </ul>

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Dry chemicals, water spray, chemical foam, carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use direct water jet.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

: This product is an aqueous solution which does not support combustion unless the water has been evaporated. Emits toxic and corrosive fumes under fire conditions.

#### Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Firefighters must wear self-contained breathing apparatus with full face mask. Firefighting suit may not be efficient against chemicals.

#### Special fire-fighting procedures

: Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- : Do not touch spilled material. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet.
- **Environmental precautions**
- : Prevent entry in sewer and other enclosed area. For a large spillage, consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.



#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Ventilate the area well. Stop leak, if it's possible to do so without risk. Absorb with inert material (soil, sand, vermiculite) and place in an appropriate waste disposal clearly identified. Finish cleaning by rinsing with water contaminated surface. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling	: This product should not be mixed with acids since evolution of toxic and flammable hydrogen sulfide gas could result. This precaution does not, of course, apply to addition of this reagent to flotation pulps in amounts customarily used for flotation. Use only in well ventilated area. Avoid all contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapors, mists or aerosols. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved. Keep in the workplace only the quantities necessary for the work being performed. Keep containers tightly closed when not used. Do not eat, do not drink and do not smoke during use. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling this compound and before eating, drinking or using toilet articles. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
Conditions for safe storage	: Store tightly close and in properly labelled containers in a cool, dry and well ventilated place. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store away from acids and from incompatible materials (see section 10). Keep away from direct sunlight and heat.
Storage temperature	:

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Exposure limits

miniculatory Dungerous to E		
Sodium hydroxide	: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Hydrogen sulfide	: 100 ppm	

Sodium hydroxide	: Ceiling TWA (8h)			2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH, BC, ON, RSST OSHA
Hydrogen sulfide	: Ceiling STEL TWA (8h)	10 ppm 5 ppm 15 ppm 15 ppm 1 ppm 10 ppm	21 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	BC ACGIH ON RSST ACGIH ON	
		10 ppm	14 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	RSST	
Exposure controls					

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide sufficient mechanical ventilation (general and/or local exhaust) to keep the airborn concentrations of vapors, mists, aerosols or dust below their respective occupational exposure limits. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation.

 Respiratory protection
 : Respiratory protection is not required in normal use. Respiratory protection equipment (PPE) must be selected, fitted, maintained and inspected in accordance with regulations and CSA Standard Z 94.4 and approved by NIOSH / MSHA. In case of insufficient ventilation or in confined or enclosed space and for an assigned protection factor (APF) up to 10 times the exposure limit: wear a half mask respirator with appropriate cartridges fitted with P100 filters. For an APF until maximum 100 times of exposure limit, wear a full face respirator mask with appropriate cartridges and P100 filters.

- Skin protection
   : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Wear normal work clothing covering arms and legs as required by employer code. Wear an apron or long-sleeve protective coverall suit.
- Eye / face protection
   Wear chemical splash goggles. If risk of contact with eyes or the face, wear a face shield.
   Wear nitrile or neoprene gloves. Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves should be worn at all times when handling this chemical product. Before using, user should confirm impermeability. Discard gloves that show tears, pinholes, or signs of wear. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. Wash gloves with water before removing them. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly.
- Other protective equipment : Wear rubber boots to clean up a spill.



## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state Color Odor Odor threshold pH Melting/Freezing point Boiling point/range Solubility in water	<ul> <li>Liquid</li> <li>Clear, amber to dark</li> <li>Slight sulfur odor</li> <li>N/Av</li> <li>11</li> <li>-21°C (-5.8°F)</li> <li>100°C (212°F)</li> <li>Fully soluble</li> </ul>	Flammability limits (% by vol.):N/AvFlash point:>93.3°C (199.9°F) TCAuto-ignition temperature:N/AvSensibility to electrostatic charge :NoSensibility to sparks/friction:NoVapor density (Air = 1):N/AvRelative density (Water = 1):1.19 kg/LPartition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	С
Evaporation rate (BuAc = 1) Vapor pressure Volatiles (% by weight) Flammability (solid, gas)	<ul> <li>N/Av</li> <li>2.3kPa (17.3 mm Hg) @ 20°C (68°F)</li> <li>N/Av</li> <li>Not flammable</li> </ul>	i<10Decomposition temperature:Viscosity:N/AvMolecular mass:N/Ap	

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity Chemical stability Possibility of bazardous react	<ul> <li>May release hydrogen sulfide in contact with acids.</li> <li>Stable under recommended storage conditions.</li> <li>ions (including polymerizations)</li> </ul>
	(including polymenizations)
	: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	: Strong acids, strong oxidizing agents (such as nitric acid, perchloric acid, peroxides, chlorates and perchlorates).
Hazardous decomposition pro	oducts
	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be

produced.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## Toxicological data

Chemical name	LC <sub>50</sub>	LD₅₀ / mg/kg	
Chemical hame	(Inhalation, rat)	(Oral, rat)	(Dermal, rabbit)
Sodium hydroxide	N/Av	>140	1350
Hydrogen sulfide	444 mg/l/4h	N/Av	N/Av

## Likely routes of exposure

Skin	:	Yes
Eye	:	Yes
Inhalation	:	Yes
Ingestion	:	Yes

## **Potential Health Effects:**

## Signs and symptoms of delayed, immediate and chronic effects:

Skin	: May cause skin irritation and burns. The sodium O,O-alkyl dithiophosphate family compound is corrosive to rabbit skin, causing edema, erythema, tissue sloughing and necrosis (OECD 404).
Eye	: May cause severe eye irritation or eye damage.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory tract irritation.
Ingestion	: Swallowing will causes digestive tract disturbances resulting in nausea, vomiting, cramps and diarrhea.
Sensitization to material	: Ingredients present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% of this product are skin or respiratory sensitizers.
IRAC/NTP Classification	: No ingredients listed
Carcinogenicity	: Ingredients present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% of this product are not listed as a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NIOSH, NTP or OSHA.



Mutagenicity	: Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause mutagenic effect.		
Reproductive Effects	: Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause effects on reproduction.		
Specific target organ effects – single exposure			
	: No target organ is listed.		
Specific target organ effects -	repeated exposure		
	: No target organ is listed.		
Other information	: The oral and skin acute toxicity estimates (ATE) of the mixture were calculated to be greater than 2000 mg/kg. These values are not classified according to WHMIS 2015 and OSHA HCS 2012.		

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION					
Ecotoxicity	:				
	Fish – trout $LC_{50}$ 47 mg/L; 96 h				
	Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia Magna, LD <sub>50</sub> 47 mg/L; 48 h Water flea, fresh water				
Persistence	: No information available for this product. May be persistent in aquatic environment.				
Degradability	<ul> <li>No information available for this product. The sodium O,O-alkyl dithiophosphate family compound is found to be not ready biodegradable.</li> </ul>				
Bioaccumulation potential	<ul> <li>No information available for this product. The sodium O,O-alkyl dithiophosphate family compound has a low potential to bioaccumulate.</li> </ul>				
Mobility in soil	: Based on the high solubility in water, a high mobility in soil is to be expected.				
Other adverse environmental	effects				
	: This chemical does not deplete the ozone layer.				

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS				
Handling for Disposal	: Important! Prevent waste generation. Use in full. DO NOT throw residual to sewer, streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Residues and empty containers must be considered as hazardous waste. Return empty container properly labeled to supplier or everywhere there is a recovery program. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Observe all federal, state/provincial and municipal regulations. If necessary consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.			

## **14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

Regulatory Information	UN Number	UN proper shipping name	Transport hazard class(es)	Packing Group	Label
DOT	Not regulated				
Additional	Information	This material is not listed as a marine pollutant.			
TDG	Not regulated				
Additional Information					
IMO/IMDG	Not regulated				
Additional Information					
ΙΑΤΑ	Not regulated				
Additional Information					

## **15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **US Federal Information:**

- Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)
- All ingredients are listed in the TSCA Inventory or otherwise comply with TSCA requirements. EPCRA Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Sodium hydroxide (CAS no 1310-73-2).



- CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act): Sodium hydroxide (CAS no 1310-73-2).
- EPCRA Section 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substances:
- No material is listed.
- Clean Water Act (CWA) 311 Hazardous Substances: Sodium hydroxide (CAS no 1310-73-2).
- Clean Water Act (CWA) Priority Pollutants:
- No material is listed.
- Clean Air Act (CAA) 111:
- No material is listed.
- Clean Air Act (CAA 112b) HON Hazardous Organic National Emission Air Pollutants:
- No material is listed.
- Clean Air Act (CAA 112b) HAP Hazardous Air Pollutants:
- No material is listed.
- CAA 112(r) Regulated Chemicals for Accidental Release Prevention:
- No material is listed.
- California Proposition 65: No material is listed.
- **Canadian Information:** 
  - Canada DSL and NDSL:
  - All ingredients are listed in the Domestic Substances List (DSL).
  - Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory Substances (NPRI): No material is listed.

#### WHMIS 1988:

Class E : Corrosive material





## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Other special considerations for handling** : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

Prepared by: Flottec, LLC

**Revised by:** 

**REASON FOR REVISION:** 

## DISCLAIMER

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